

STOJAN'S COSMIC SWARM (SC-SWARM)

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Abstract: *The ozone layer represents the main and so far, the only layer which provides protection against the cosmic radiations on Earth.*

The cosmic radiations which are encountered on Earth originate from the three cosmic nets, which are as follows:

- | | |
|---|--------------------------------|
| <i>a) Manfred Curry's net</i> | <i>350 cm h 450 cm h 50 cm</i> |
| <i>b) Ernst Hartmann's grid</i> | <i>200 cm h 250 cm h 23 cm</i> |
| <i>c) the net discovered by Stojan Velkoski</i> | <i>100 cm h 80 cm h 10 cm</i> |

The intersection of cosmic grids forms the so-called knots. Some of the knots are able to penetrate through the ozone layer and thus reach the Earth, where they exercise dangerous effects on the whole living world.

Yet another source of cosmic radiations has been observed so far. Those radiations are different from the previously known grids and nets by their form and the level of danger they entail. It is known as the Stojan's Cosmic Swarm (SCS).

Introduction

In the course of his year-long research work, the author of this text noticed new dangerous cosmic radiations, observed in the form of points, whose scope of action upon the planet Earth was of about \varnothing 2 cm.

According to the practice known until now, the designation of anything that can be treated as a discovery consists of the following elements:

- a) the origin of the discovery – in our case, cosmic;
- b) the name of the person who discovered it- Stojan Velkoski, PhD;
- c) the physical appearance of the discovery – in our case, reminding of a swarm of bees in motion.

Consequently, the designation of this discovery shall be Stojan's Cosmic Swarm, known by the abbreviate designation of SCS.

The points of the swarm are nominated as Stojan's Cosmic Points of Swarm, SCPS.

As in the cosmic grids, all points of the SCS are not active everywhere. In some cases, active points are not identified at all, but there are also cases in which there are just several active points, or in which the whole swarm is an active one.

Compared with the three known cosmic nets, the SCS appears in the form of pointed radiations and is rather specific.

It has been observed that the Arthropoda (ants, wasps and in others) build their nests exactly on the active Stojan's cosmic points, especially those part of the nest which belongs to the two rings which form the respective swarm.

Material and methods

This discovery was analyzed in the course of the last ten years. Several geo-biological and geo-physical methods and techniques were applied.

Pursuant to those researches, the Stojan's Cosmic Swarms (the SCS) consist of the following:

- two rings in the form of an ellipse, each of them containing about 42 points, 400 (Fig.1).

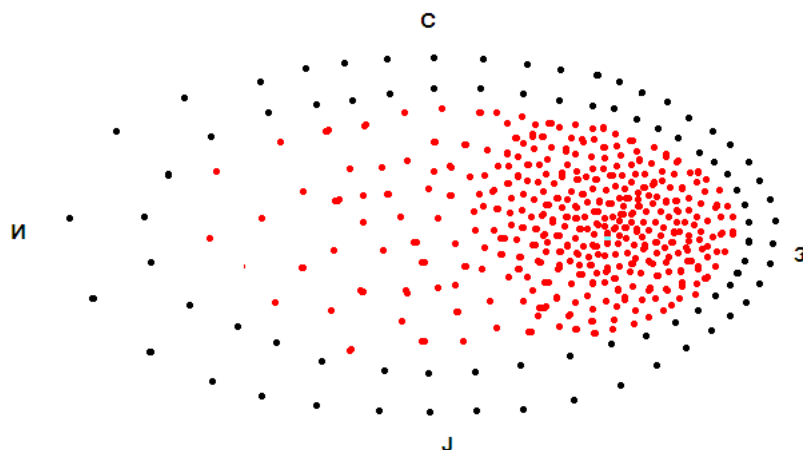


Fig. 1. Stojan's Cosmic Swarm (SCS)

According to the measurement result of the Stojan's Cosmic Swarms they are encountered as symmetrical, but the distances among them are different, as well as their size. They are directed towards W-NW (Fig.2).

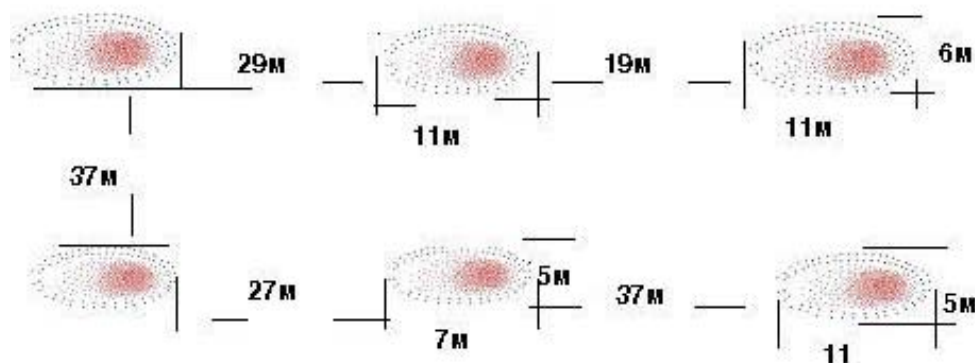


Fig. 2. Placement of the Stojan's Cosmic Swarms (SCS)

Another specific trait of the Stojan's Cosmic Swarm is the fact that the points of the two layers of the swarm are paired. The distance between the pairs depends on their location, as according to the cardinal points of the compass. The distance between the pairs located on the eastern side of the swarm is bigger, and it amounts approximately ≈ 80 cm, whereas the distance between the pairs located on the western part is smaller, amounting approximately ≈ 10 cm. The two pointed layers, so distributed, represent a type of a protective cartridge, forming the ellipse of the SCS, as a whole located east-west, or southeast-northwest, to some extent.

The SCS can have different dimensions, but, on average, their dimensions are about 12 x 6m. The dimensions may vary by several meters. In the interior the points are asymmetrical and they are grouped towards west, to some extent towards the north.

According to the features of the SCS, they do not belong to the group of cosmic knots, because they do not originate from nets as those which have been previously known, and they are not interrelated. Unlike the nets which have been known and researched so far, the SCS is different in several aspects, among which are the following:

- in its technical characteristics,
- in the process of protection,
- in the degree of danger it entails,
- in the possibility to exploit it, etc.

Results

- The danger entailed and the consequences of the SCS

The SCPS are pointed cosmic radiations, with very small scope of action, and a great level of experience and knowledge is necessary to identify them. This is the reason why these cosmic sources of radiation have not been discovered until recently.

In practice, the author encountered inexplicable reasons for the manifestation of symptoms in the inhabitants of certain buildings. In some cases, despite the results of the detection, which reflected that the space was free from cosmic knots and geo-pathogenic fields, there were negative symptoms and diagnoses in people. The phenomena of this type incited the author to undertake more precise analyses.

The results of the analyses indicated the presence of pointed cosmic radiations. The most frequent symptoms experienced by people who are exposed to these SCPS are: severe pains, especially in the bones (similar to serious rheumatic diseases), organic phenomena on the osseous tissue, some of which were malignant, were just some of them. The precise knowledge referring to the consequences of these radiation sources shall be yielded by the results of the researches which are in the process.

The flora is not spared from the consequences of the SCPS either.

- Consequences of SCPS on plants

In the park of the GAPE Institute in Skopje, there are four nine-year old evergreen plants. The plants marked with number 1, 3 and 4 are of the same nursery and from the same seeds. Whereas, the plant marked with no. 2 is of the same age, but from different type of seeds (Fig.3).



Fig. 3. Displacement of the SCPS from plant 3 onto plant 2

In the first two years, plants no. 1, 3 and 4 were developing to an equal extent, but an active point of the SCS existed in the immediate vicinity of plant no. 3. After two years, the active SCPS was located on part of the stem of plant no. 3; the plant began to dehydrate, and was almost wholly dehydrated in the course of one year. As a result of this the central stem was eliminated. What remained was only the small branch which was still green.

After a certain period, it was noticed that the active SCPS was displaced from the plant 3 several centimetres northwards and the plant started to develop again. During a period of 8 years the active SCPS was displaced northward for approximately ≈ 60 cm.

The new location of the active SCPS point was now on the plant no. 2, which withered in about one year and does not exist now (Fig. 4).



Fig. 4. Eliminated plant 2, located on a SCPS

- Research project:

Several Skopje suburbs were included in the research. In the suburbs of Karposh, Vlae, Aerodrom and Lissiche a number of dehydrated birch stems have been analyzed, and the research results demonstrated that a large number of them had been on an active SCPS (Fig. 5).



Fig. 5. Dehydrated birch trees in the suburb of Lisiche-Skopje, whose stems are located on a SCPS

- Protection against the active SCPS:

In the process of protection, several scientific and research projects were elaborated, one of them being in open space, in the vicinity of the seashore in Psakoudia, Chalkidiki. In July 2006, the author identified, in Psakoudia, a completely active SC swarm, the dimensions of which were 15 h 8 m. With the purpose to research the possibility of efficient protection against it, a BIO-SPH transformed was placed in its centre.

- Experiment results

After one minute, an experimental measuring was performed, which demonstrated that all the internal SCPS had been neutralized, but half of the points of the so-called pointed rings of the SCS, to which the BIO-SPH Neutralizer-Transformer was placed eastward, could still be identified, whereas the SCPS, on which the BIO-SPH was placed so as to cover their west side, could not be identified any more.

- Experiment

One SCPS was identified in a residential space, located on the bed. The SCPS point was precisely identified on the ceiling, wherefrom it penetrated towards the room. An ideal spherical PVC form, with the diameter of \varnothing 38 mm was located on that point. This means that the location became safe for the health condition of the person exposed thereto. This has never before been noticed in the other known cosmic radiations which originate from the three grids.

- Experiment

An analysis was performed in order to determine the duration of the function of the BIO-SPH.

It was noted that the BIO-SPH, located in a space where there are active SCPS, reduces its function in a shorter period as compared with the cases of other radiation sources. It is, therefore, necessary to regularly control the functioning of the BIO-SPH devices located in premises with active SCPS.

- Recommendations

In this case, as in the previously explained cosmic radiations, the protection instructions remain almost identical, and are as follows:

- relocation of the exposed bed or desk from the point exposed to the active SCPS,
- protection by means of the BIO-SPH Neutralizers-Transformers (in this case, the devices should be located on the west or south-west side of the premises that we are protecting).

Out of the known devices which can serve for protection, the most successful protection against the SCPS can be achieved by the BIO-SPH Neutralizers-Transformers.

Application of the SCS

The influence of cosmic radiation upon Earth is not always negative. This is proved by the case of the SC net which can be used for telecommunications etc.

- Case

Mr. A.D. and Mr. B.D., users of the BIO-SPH protection device, from the village of Negortsi, near Gevgelija, were observing the sun by special glasses during the latest eclipse. They noticed that at one point of their yard they could have much better view of the sun as compared to the view from

another location. The author was informed about this phenomenon. At first the author thought that this might be due to some cosmic or similar radiation, which influences the protective ozone layer.

After several months, the author carried out field measuring and discovered an active SCS.

What followed was an analysis of the location of the most ancient observatory in this region, in Kokino, near Kumanovo, including several measurements which revealed the presence of a SCS.

All this leads to the conclusion that the SCS was known as early as in the antiquity when it was used to observe space. It is a mystery if the ancient peoples knew any details thereof, or it could only experimentally be proved that there were locations which yielded a better view of space, without precise explanations.

On the other hand, the analysis of the locations of the SCS, as is the location of the ancient Kokino observatory, can concluded lead to the conclusion that the swarm has been on that location for many centuries.

This gives us the possibility to conclude that the SCS location is not significantly changed, but that it is only the SCPS which rotate slowly.

The latest researches of the author, related to the SCS, indicate the necessity of further scientific and technical researches, in view of their appropriate exploitation.

Conclusion

This research leads to the following conclusions:

- that this natural discovery represents a novelty and that its active points can leave dangerous consequences on the health and survival of the entire living world.
- as far as the protection against the SCPS is concerned, it can be concluded that the BIO-SPH neutralizes and transforms the SCPS, which are in the interior of the swarm, regardless of their side on which the device is located. On the other hand, the SCPS of the two pointed rings can best be neutralized and transformed by the BIO-SPH device, if it is located on their west side.
- Besides, this research project can lead to the conclusion that the structure of the points of the two rings differs from the structure of those located in the central part of the swarm.
- This project also leads to the conclusion that the SCPS exhibit a certain degree of rotation.
- The researches lead to the conclusion that the active SCS can be used for observation of the universe.

This discovery shall represent the target of further scientific researches, which are being performed, above all, at the GAPE Institute in Skopje to the extent equal to the one attained by other scientific institutions in the world.

Discussion

It can be concluded that this is a new natural discovery which can exercise very dangerous influence on the living world but can also be used for other scientific and research goals.

All the so-far attained results of this discovery shall be the subject of new and additional researches which will be analyzed by many generations, at present and in the future alike.

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